

## Magic Squares

Recall that 1)  $V_3$  is the set of all magic squares of order 3 and  $W_3$  is the subset of  $V_3$  consisting of magic squares with sum equal to 0.

2) Let  $C_3$  be the  $3 \times 3$  matrix all of whose entries are equal to  $\frac{1}{3}$ .

Let  $A \in V_3$  and  $A$  has sum  $r$ . Then there is a unique magic square  $B$  in  $W_3$  s.t.  $A = B + rC_3$ . (\*)

i) Find  $W_3$ .

$$\text{Let } W = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ x_4 & x_5 & x_6 \\ x_7 & x_8 & x_9 \end{bmatrix} \in W_3.$$

$$\text{Then } x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 0$$

$$x_4 + x_5 + x_6 = 0$$

$$x_7 + x_8 + x_9 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_4 + x_7 = 0$$

$$x_2 + x_5 + x_8 = 0$$

$$x_3 + x_6 + x_9 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_5 + x_9 = 0$$

$$x_3 + x_5 + x_7 = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

So,

$$\begin{aligned}
 x_1 &= -x_9 \\
 x_2 &= -x_8 \\
 x_3 &= x_8 + x_9 \\
 x_4 &= 2x_8 + 2x_9 \\
 x_5 &= 0 \\
 x_6 &= -2x_8 - 2x_9 \\
 x_7 &= -x_8 - x_9
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{So } W_3 &= \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -t & -s & s+t \\ s+2t & 0 & -s-2t \\ -s-t & s & t \end{bmatrix} \mid s, t \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \\
 &= \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} -t & 0 & t \\ 2t & 0 & -2t \\ -t & 0 & t \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -s & s \\ s & 0 & -s \\ -s & s & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mid s, t \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \\
 &= \left\{ t \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mid s, t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

11) Find  $V_3$

By (\*), we can conclude that

$$V_3 = \left\{ t \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + r \begin{bmatrix} 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 1/3 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$t, s, r \in \mathbb{R}$